

State Fiscal Recovery Fund (SFRF) Project Process

Pandemic Recovery Office (PRO)

June 20, 2022



Agenda

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PRO and SFRF Overview



PRO Responsibilities

PRO is the central office for reporting and compliance for the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), SFRF and other federal funding sources. It is responsible for:

- Ensuring that all uses of federal stimulus funds by state government comply with federal requirements
- Collaborating with state agencies to develop performance metrics that align with the legislative intent of the SFRF appropriations
- Providing expenditure information and performance metrics to U.S. Treasury, the Legislature, the public and other stakeholders on SFRF-funded projects
- Informing stakeholders on how funds are used to address the short- and long-term effects of the pandemic
- Providing guidance and support to municipalities on the uses of federal stimulus funds

More information on PRO, including agency resources, can be found at <u>pandemicrecovery.ri.gov</u>

PRO Staff

- Paul L. Dion, Ph.D., Director
- Reily Connaughton, Chief of Staff
- Nick Fanuele, PRO Project Lead
 - Health and Human Services Agencies
- Pheamo Witcher, PRO Project Lead
 - Housing
- Derek Gomes, Public Information Officer and SFRF Transparency Portal Lead

What is SFRF?

SFRF is not Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) 2.0!

The ARPA provided the State \$1.13B through SFRF that must be used to:

- Respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency
- Address the pandemic's negative economic impacts on households, small businesses, impacted industries and nonprofits
- Support services to disproportionately impacted communities
- Provide premium pay for eligible workers performing essential work
- Invest in water, sewer and broadband infrastructure
- Replace lost public sector revenue

SFRF and the U.S. Treasury

U.S. Treasury requires every SFRF-funded project to report performance metrics and programmatic information. For every project, PRO must submit the following in periodic reports to U.S. Treasury:

- A detailed description of the intervention
- Additional programmatic information dependent on the U.S. Treasury defined Expenditure Category
- Timeline
- Description of mechanisms and partners
- Federally required performance metrics
- Required State determined performance metrics
- Outcome measures
- A description of the use of evidence on which the proposed intervention is based

U.S. Treasury Guidelines and Requirements



Spending Deadlines and Administrative Expenses

U.S. Treasury requires that all funds are obligated* by 12/31/24 and fully expended by 12/31/26.

- The General Assembly has approved two tranches of SFRF funds:
 - RI Rebounds: \$119 million appropriated in January 2022
 - FY 2023 Budget: \$545 million included in current budget
- SFRF projects may have a multiyear commitment included in the FY 2023 budget; however, allocations in future fiscal years (FY 2024 FY 2027) will require legislative action to be appropriated
- <u>Direct</u> administrative expenses can be allocated to SFRF awards. Indirect administrative costs, however, cannot.
 - Please review PRO's <u>SFRF Indirect Administrative Costs policy</u>

*In accordance with 2 CFR § 200.71, obligation means "orders placed for property and services, contracts and subawards made, and similar transactions during a given period that require payment by the non-Federal entity during the same or a future period"

U.S. Treasury Guiding Principles

- Identify the impact from the public health emergency your proposed intervention will address and HOW your project addresses it
 - How is it related to the identified impact
 - How is it a reasonably proportional response to the impact
- Are SFRF funds being used for evidence-based interventions?
 - Dept. Ed: What Works Clearinghouse
 - DOL: CLEAR
 - HHS: Research and Evaluation Clearinghouses
- Are SFRF funds being used for projects that will be subject to rigorous and independent evaluation?

U.S. Treasury Guiding Principles (cont.)

- How does the planned use of SFRF funds prioritize economic and racial equity as a goal?
- What specific targets intended to produce meaningful equity results at scale?
- Key performance indicators (KPIs) are required, both
 - Output KPIs, a count of households, individuals or businesses served
 - The number of students enrolled in an early learning program
 - Outcome KPIs, impact on the households, individuals or businesses served
 - The percentage of students reading on grade level
- Two types of KPIs: Treasury required KPIs and State mandated KPIs

KPIs

KPIs are determined by two factors:

- The SFRF project's U.S. Treasury Expenditure Category
 - U.S. Treasury Expenditure Category will be determined by PRO
- Example: An investment in Providence Public Schools could be assigned the following expenditure category:
 - Services to Disproportionately Impacted Communities, 3.2. Education Assistance: Aid to High Poverty Districts
 - Treasury required KPI: the number of students participating in evidence-based tutoring programs
 - Mandated State KPIs: Determined collaboratively by PRO and State agency

Reporting Requirements

- U.S. Treasury requires states to submit quarterly reports on State-derived key performance metrics and U.S. Treasury's own performance metrics and outcome measures (both reported quarterly) based on the U.S. Treasury Expenditure Category assigned by PRO
- KPIs: Monthly performance measurement reports are required for the KPIs in the approved Reporting and Compliance Form
 - State agencies must submit by the 8th of each month for the prior month's performance
 - Quasi-state agencies must submit by the 12th of each month for the prior month's performance
- Financial Information: Entities outside RIFANS must submit a monthly financial report to PRO by the 12th of each month for the prior month's expenditures

Reporting Requirements

- Additional Demographic Data: Examples may include a list of recipients by industry, location or other classifications
 - During the SFRF approval process, PRO will provide instructions on how best to collect this information
- U.S. Treasury Quarterly Reports: PRO and the Grants Management Office have developed a template that will be distributed each quarter
 - PRO project leads will fill in information from the Reporting and Compliance Form
 - Agencies must review and verify the performance and financial information each quarter

Financial Information

Monthly financial information will also be posted in PRO's SFRF transparency portal



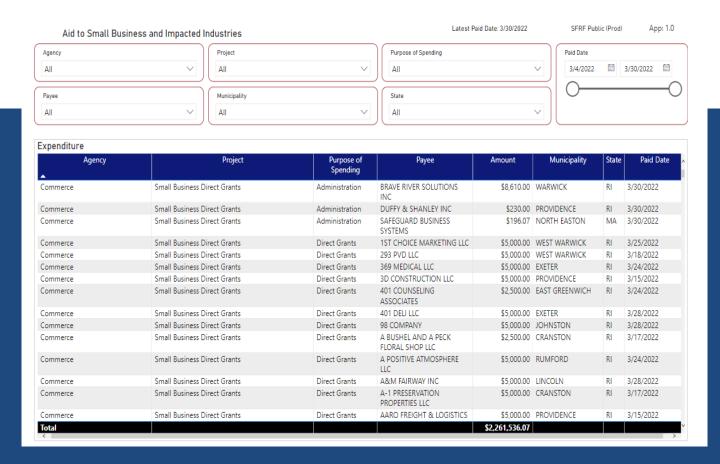


Spending by Project

The expenditure tables allow for a comparison between total spend and project budget

Recipient Information

Shows name of recipient, amount paid and municipality where the entity/individual is based



Three Types of SFRF Recipients

Beneficiary

The end recipient of the benefit that the SFRF project is intended to provide

- ✓ Includes individuals, households, small businesses, impacted industries or nonprofits
- ✓ Beneficiaries are determined by PRO

Contractor

Provides a good or service to a beneficiary at the direction of the agency

- More akin to an intermediary than a program administrator
- Executes a project on behalf of the State, with the State determining project details

Subrecipient

Responsible for carrying out part of an SFRF project with guidance of the agency

- ✓ Design and implement their own program
- Require risk assessments, subaward agreements and active monitoring

SFRF Project Timeline and Next Steps



SFRF Project Deliverables

Approval

(before the project begins)

> Reporting and Compliance Form

Memorandum of Agreement

Upload into the Grants Management System (GMS)

Final Approval Notice Sent

Monitoring (through the life of the project)

> Subrecipient v. Contractor Determination

Kev Performance **Indicators**

Financial Reports for 3rd **Parties**

Additional Tier 2 and Tier 3 Level Data (As Needed)

Reporting (monthly/quarterly)

> Monthly PRO Transparency **Portal**

U.S. Treasury

Pre-implementation Checklist

Draft Reporting and Compliance

Form

01

The form captures all required programmatic, budget and performance metric information required by U.S. Treasury

PRO Review Meeting

02

PRO project leads review draft form and assist agency staff to ensure completeness

03

Revisions

Agency revises form as needed and resubmits to PRO project lead

Pre-implementation Checklist (cont.)

04

PRO Internal Review Meeting

PRO project lead presents form to PRO Director



Final Review Meeting

Agency and PRO project lead presentation



MOA/Approval Notice

Agency signs and submits a
Memorandum of Agreement,
and PRO sends approval notice*
to agency

*If your agency's RI Rebounds project is receiving an additional appropriation, your agency must submit a new Reporting and Compliance Form

SFRF Project Timeline

PRO will notify state agencies when to begin the Reporting and Compliance Form. Given the number of projects funded in the FY23 budget, PRO will take a phased approach in approving projects.

The top priorities are projects that:

- Involve capital expenditures
- Are extensions of projects under RI Rebounds

PRO's approval process can take anywhere from six to eight weeks

A complete and accurate draft of the Reporting and Compliance Form will expedite the process

Next Steps

- PRO will hold a call with finance and programmatic staff to dig deeper into the Reporting and Compliance Form, KPIs, SFRF Recipients, etc.
- PRO will send a list of approved projects in the FY23 budget along with the funding amount
- PRO will provide your agency a Reporting and Compliance Form for your project when it is ready to begin the approval process



